

### **Class 31**

[slides here](#) (104 Kb)

1. Summary of the course
2. Problems solving

### **Class 30**

[hand written class notes here](#) (1.055 Mb)

Economic Growth

1. Where does investment rate  $s$  come from?
2. Predictions of the Solow growth model
3. Extensions of the Solow growth model that generate never ending growth

### **Class 29**

[slides here](#) (842 Kb)

1. Brief summary of Chapter 9
2. Economic growth (chapter 6 - Solow growth model only)

### **Class 28**

Thanksgiving break

### **Class 27**

[hand written class notes here](#) (630.915 Kb)

General approach to equilibrium analysis:

1. Methodology: direct and indirect effects
2. The effects of a temporary increase in TFP
3. The effects of a proportionate labor cost subsidy

### **Class 26**

[hand-written class notes here](#) (503.764 Kb)

A real intertemporal model with investment (Chapter 9, cont.)

1. Investment supply curve
2. Connection between the investment market from the class and the goods market from the textbook
3. Equilibrium: the connection between labor market and investment market

### **Class 25**

[hand written class notes here](#) (471.681 Kb)

A Real Intertemporal Model with Investment (Chapter 9)

1. The representative consumer's problem
2. The representative firm's problem

### **Class 24**

[slides here](#) (558 Kb)

[additional reading: SS reform](#) (1.481 Mb)

Social Security - continued (addition to Chapter 8):

1. Towards a more advanced model:
  - the pros and cons of PAYG and FF systems not captured by our OLG model
2. Summary of results of existing studies

### **Class 23**

NO CLASS: Veteran's day

### **Class 22**

[hand-written notes here](#) (356.38 Kb)

[slides here](#) (183.5 Kb)

Social Security (based on Chapter 9)

1. The current state and forecast of Social Security
2. A simple OLG model

### **Class 21**

[midterm 2 answers here](#) (926.308 Kb)

Midterm exam 2

### **Class 20**

[my hand-written notes here](#) (3.717 Mb)

Review and exercises

1. Quiz 6 discussion
2. Ricardian equivalence (and when it does not hold) in the model with heterogeneous consumers.

### **Class 19**

[my hand-written notes here](#) (712.599 Kb)

1. Taxes or Debt: Ricardian equivalence
2. Exceptions: when Ricardian equivalence does not hold

### **Class 18**

[my hand written notes here](#) (795.97 Kb)

1. The effects of changes in  $r$
2. Deriving the savings supply curve
3. The competitive equilibrium
4. Equilibrium with different consumers

### **Class 17**

[my hand written notes here](#) (1.219 Mb)

The consumer's intertemporal decision (Chapter 8)

1. The setup of the consumer's decision problem:
  - description of the model
  - preferences
  - budget constraint
2. The representation of the consumer's decision on the graph
3. The effects of changes in current and future net income (including comparing the model's predictions to the business cycles data)
4. Permanent income hypothesis

## **Class 16**

[slides here](#) (850.5 Kb)

Brief review of classes 1-15

## **Class 15**

[additional notes on the efficiency in the model with different consumers \(not mandatory\)](#) (1.202 Mb)

[my hand-written notes here](#) (5.333 Mb)

1. The effects of monopolistic competition and the usage of proportionate subsidies to restore efficiency
2. The effects of externalities and the usage of proportionate taxes to restore efficiency

## **Class 14**

[my hand-written notes here](#) (935.028 Kb)

1. Social Planner's problem
2. The First Welfare theorem
3. Distortions arising from proportionate taxes

## **Class 13**

[my hand-written notes here](#) (2.051 Mb)

[quiz answers and comments here](#) (51.732 Kb)

Equilibrium analysis from Chapter 5

1. Illustrating a competitive equilibrium on one graph
2. Analyzing the equilibrium effects of a decline in TFP
3. An example of a stabilization policy

## **Class 12**

[hand-written class notes here](#) (5.562 Mb)

[excel file for numerical analysis here](#) (20 Kb)

1. The effects of changes in TFP: theoretical and numerical analysis
2. First policy lessons

## **Class 11**

[Midterm setup and answers](#) (324.58 Kb)

Midterm exam 1

## **Class 10**

[my hand-written notes here](#) (4.666 Mb)

Examples of equilibrium analysis

## **Class 9**

[my hand-written notes here](#) (2.128 Mb)

1. Definition of a competitive equilibrium
2. The effects of changes in TFP on equilibrium quantities

## **Class 8**

[my hand-written notes here](#) (3.228 Mb)

The representative firm's problem - continued

1. The derivation of the labor demand curve

2. Shifts of the labor demand curve
3. The competitive equilibrium

### **Class 7**

[my hand-written notes here](#) (739.585 Kb)

The representative producer's problem (Chapter 4)

1. Assumptions about production technology
2. Firm's problem and optimal labor choice

### **Class 6**

[class notes here](#) (915.637 Kb)

The representative consumer's problem - continued (Chapter 4)

1. The effects of changes in income and wage in optimal choice
2. Derivation of the labor supply curve
3. Analytical solution:  $u(c,l) = c \cdot l$

### **Class 5**

[slides here](#) (124.5 Kb)

[hand-written class notes here](#) (631.638 Kb)

Step 1 of building a one-period model: The Representative Consumer's Problem (Chapter 4)

1. Preferences
2. Budget constraint
3. The optimal (consumption,leisure) choice

### **Class 4**

[slides here](#) (719.5 Kb)

1. Business cycles analysis (chapter 3): stylized facts and intuition
2. One-period macro model (chapter 4): description of the environment

### **Class 3**

[slides here](#) (972 Kb)

Evolution of real per capita GDP over time

1. Decomposition: growth and business cycles
2. Recessions: driving forces and responses
3. Comovement of economic variables

### **Class 2**

[slides here](#) (498.5 Kb)

[cross-country data](#) (39.5 Kb)

1. Measuring total GDP
2. Real per capita GDP as a measure of economic well-being
3. Why isn't real per capita GDP a perfect measure of economic well-being?
4. Price changes

### **Class 1**

[Class01.ppt](#) (88.5 Kb)

1. Administrative details
2. Course outline